

Validation of a Patient-Specific XR Module for Clinical Competence Development in Dentistry

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Introduction

The transition from preclinical to clinical training in dental education presents significant challenges in ensuring students acquire the necessary manual dexterity, clinical reasoning, and confidence. Extended Reality (XR) simulation has emerged as a promising tool to support this transition. This study focuses on the validation process of a patient-specific XR module for training in indirect restorations, using a structured framework to assess construct, content, and face validity.

Literature Review

Construct Validity

Measures whether the XR module improves the clinical skills it intends to develop (Messick, 1995).

Content Validity

Assesses how well the training aligns with curricular goals and clinical competencies (Almanasreh et al., 2018).

Face Validity

Evaluates students' perception of the XR experience as realistic and relevant to practice (Cook & Beckman, 2006).

Materials & Methods

Participants

15 dental students (4th–5th year)

Groups

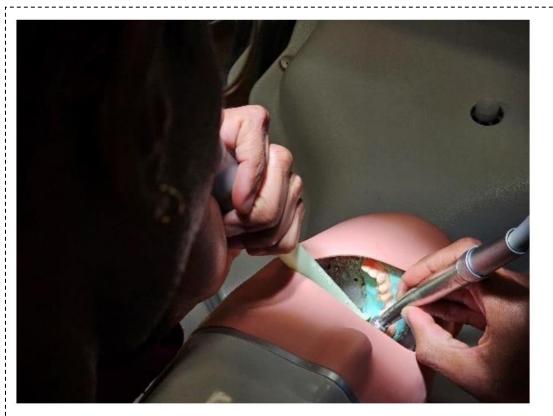
Control (3D-printed model)
XR without feedback
XR with feedback

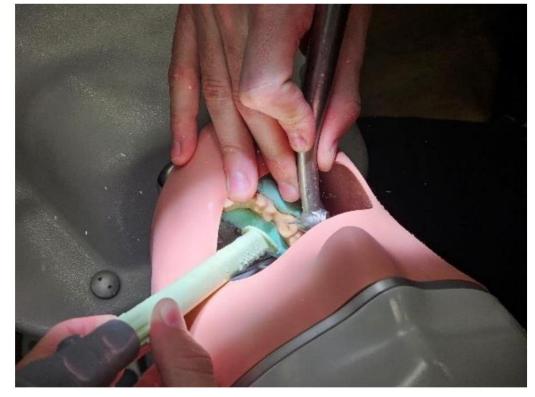
Procedure

Pre-test (T0) → Training → Post-test (T2) Assessment on 3D-printed models Pre/post questionnaires

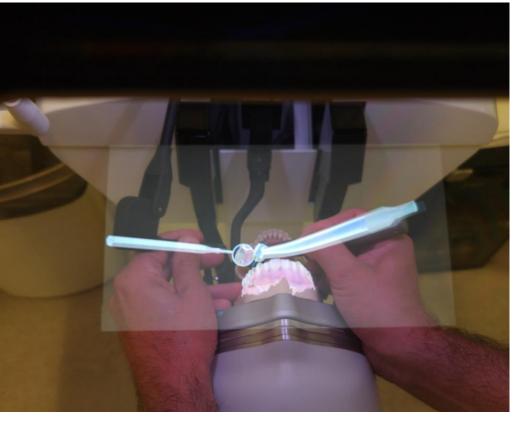
Validation Framework

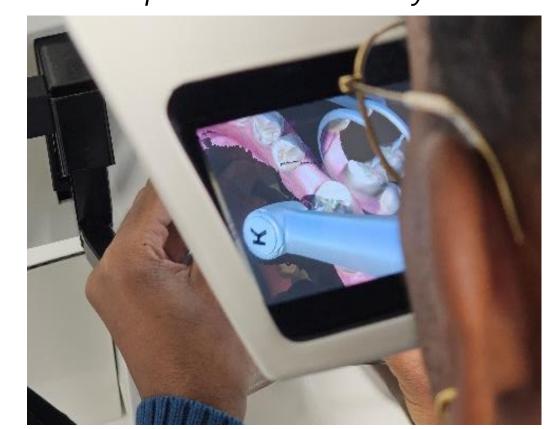
Type of Validation	Focus	Indicator
Construct	Clinical Performance	Improvements in margin visibility and surface smoothness (T0–T2).
Content	Learning Outcomes & Confidence	Self-reported gains in knowledge, skills, and confidence.
Face	Realism & Usability	Student feedback on visual fidelity, haptics, and interface.





3D-printed models on the preclinical laboratory at ACTA.





Patient specific XR module in Dente.

Key Findings

- Performance XR groups showed significant improvement in clinical criteria.
- Confidence Increased self-perceived preparedness and theoretical understanding.
- Realism High ratings for visual fidelity; haptic feedback rated as limited.
- Limitations

Small sample size
Single-session exposure
Binary assessment method

Conclusions and Implications These findings support the educational validity of the XR module as a complementary tool in dental training. Despite limitations such as small sample size and single-session exposure, the structured validation approach highlights the module's potential to enhance clinical preparedness and learner confidence.